at least one cable [coupling] <u>coupled to</u> the multiple antenna ablation device [to the electromagnetic energy source].

5UB V

27. (Twice Amended) An ablation treatment apparatus, comprising:

an electromagnetic energy source;

advance the three or more antennas from the trocar; and

a trocar including a tissue piercing distal end, and a hollow lumen extending along a longitudinal axis of the trocar;

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a multiple antenna ablation device including a plurality of antennas positionable in the trocar lumen and deployable from the trocar lumen in a lateral direction relative to the longitudinal axis at a selected tissue mass, wherein the plurality of antennas includes a sufficient number of antennas to create an ablation volume between the antennas in the selected tissue site without impeding out the plurality of antennas when 5 to 200 watts of electromagnetic energy is delivered from the electromagnetic energy source to the plurality of antennas,

an impedance monitor device coupled to the multiple antenna ablation device; [and]

a rigid antenna advancement member coupled to the three or more antennas to simultaneously

at least one cable [coupling] <u>coupled to</u> the multiple antenna ablation device [to the electromagnetic energy source].

54B

36. (Twice Amended) a method for creating a volumetric ablation in a selected tissue mass, comprising:

providing a multiple antenna ablation apparatus including a trocar with a trocar lumen and a trocar tissue piercing distal end, a plurality of antennas deployable from the lumen, and an electromagnetic energy source coupled to the plurality of antennas;

inserting the trocar into the selected bissue mass with the plurality of antennas positioned in the trocar lumen;

simultaneously advancing the plurality of antennas from the trocar lumen in a lateral direction relative to a longitudinal axis of the trocar into the selected tissue mass;

delivering 5 to 200 watts of electromagnetic energy from the electromagnetic energy source to the plurality of antennas without impeding out an antenna of the plurality of antennas;

detecting impedance; and creating the volumetric ablation in the selected tissue mass.

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